

Solution 9: Recursion

ETH Zurich

1 An infectious task

1. Correct. This version works and uses tail recursion. It will always give flu to p first, and then call *infect* on his/her coworker. The recursion ends when either there is no coworker, or the coworker is already infected. Without the second condition the recursion is endless if the coworker structure is cyclic.
2. Incorrect. This version results in endless recursion if the coworker structure is cyclic. The main cause is that the coworker does not get infected before the recursive call is made, so with a cyclic structure nobody will be ever infected to terminate the recursion.
3. Incorrect. This version results in an endless loop if the structure is cyclic. The main problem is with the loop's exit condition that does not include the case when q is already infected.
4. Correct. However, this version will call *set_flu* twice on all reachable persons except the initial one. On the initial person *set_flu* will be called once in case of non-circular structure and three times in case of circular structure.

Multiple coworkers

```
class
  PERSON

create
  make

feature -- Initialization
  make (a_name: STRING)
    -- Create a person named 'a_name'.
    require
      a_name_valid: a_name /= Void and then not a_name.is_empty
    do
      name := a_name
      create coworkers.make
    ensure
      name_set: name = a_name
      coworkers_exists: coworkers /= Void
    end

feature -- Access
  name: STRING
```

```
coworkers: LINKED_LIST [PERSON]

has_flu: BOOLEAN

feature -- Element change
  add_coworker (p: PERSON)
    -- Add 'p' to 'coworkers'.
    require
      p_exists: p /= Void
      p_different: p /= Current
      not_has_p: not coworkers.has (p)
    do
      coworkers.extend (p)
    ensure
      coworker_set: coworkers.has (p)
    end

  set_flu
    -- Set 'has_flu' to True.
    do
      has_flu := True
    ensure
      has_flu: has_flu
    end

invariant
  name_valid: name /= Void and then not name.is_empty
  coworkers_exists: coworkers /= Void
end
```

```
infect (p: PERSON)
  -- Infect 'p' and coworkers.
  require
    p_exists: p /= Void
  do
    p.set_flu
  from
    p.coworkers.start
  until
    p.coworkers.off
  loop
    if not p.coworkers.item.has_flu then
      infect (p.coworkers.item)
    end
  p.coworkers.forth
  end
end
```

The coworkers structure is a directed graph. The master solution traverses this graph using *depth-first search*.

2 Reachable stations

Listing 1: Class *RECURSIVE_HIGHLIGHTING*

```
note
  description: "Recursive highlighting class (Assignment 9)"
  date: "$Date$"
  revision: "$Revision$"

class
  RECURSIVE_HIGHLIGHTING

inherit
  TOURISM

feature -- Explore Paris
  show
    -- Highlight stations that are reachable within a certain time limit.
  do
    Paris.display
    highlight_reachable_stations (Station_chatelet, 10.0)
  end

highlight_reachable_stations (s: TRAFFIC_STATION; t: REAL_64)
  -- Highlight all stations that are reachable from 's' within travel time 't'.
  require
    s_exists: s /= Void
    t_positive: t > 0.0
  local
    stop: TRAFFIC_STOP
    i: INTEGER
  do
    s.highlight
  from
    i := 1
  until
    i > s.stops.count
  loop
    stop := s.stops.i_th (i)
    if stop.right /= Void and then (t - stop.time_to_next) >= 0.0 then
      highlight_reachable_stations (stop.right.station, t - stop.time_to_next)
    end
    i := i + 1
  end
end
end
```

3 Get me out of this maze!

Listing 2: Class *MAZE_READER*

```
class
  MAZE_READER
```

```

feature -- Basic operations.
  read_maze (f: STRING)
    -- Read a maze from file with filename 'f'.
    local
      file: PLAIN_TEXT_FILE
      n, m, i: INTEGER
    do
      has_error := False
      error_message := ""
      create file.make (f)
      if not file.exists then
        has_error := True
        error_message := "File " + f.out + " does not exist.%N"
      else
        file.open_read
        if not file.is_open_read then
          has_error := True
          error_message := "File " + f.out + " could not be opened.%N"
        else
          file.start
          file.read_integer
          n := file.last_integer
          file.read_integer
          m := file.last_integer
          if n <= 0 or m <= 0 then
            has_error := True
            error_message := "Maze dimensions not valid.%N"
          else
            from
              i := 0
              create last_maze.make (m, n)
            until
              file.off or has_error or i >= n*m
            loop
              file.read_character
              inspect file.last_character
              when {MAZE}.empty_char then
                last_maze.set_empty ((i // n) + 1, (i \ n) + 1)
              when {MAZE}.wall_char then
                last_maze.set_wall ((i // n) + 1, (i \ n) + 1)
              when {MAZE}.exit_char then
                last_maze.set_exit ((i // n) + 1, (i \ n) + 1)
              else
                if file.last_character.is_space then
                  -- Ignore it
                  i := i - 1
                else
                  has_error := True
                  error_message := "Wrong character " + file.last_character.out + "%N"
                end
              end
            end
            i := i + 1
          end
        end
      end
    end
  end

```

```
        end
        if i < n * m then
            has_error := True
            error_message := "Maze not filled%N"
        end
    end
end
end
end
end

feature -- Access
    has_error: BOOLEAN
        -- Has there been an error when reading?

    error_message: STRING
        -- Error message.

    last_maze: MAZE
        -- Maze that was read last.
end
```

Listing 3: Class *MAZE*

```
class
    MAZE

inherit
    ARRAY2 [CHARACTER]
    redefine
        out
    end

create
    make

feature -- Constants
    Empty_char: CHARACTER = '.'
        -- Character for empty fields.

    Exit_char: CHARACTER = '*'
        -- Character for an exit field.

    Wall_char: CHARACTER = '#'
        -- Character for a wall field.

    Visited_char: CHARACTER = 'x'
        -- Character for a field that has been visited by 'find_path'.

feature -- Element change
    set_empty (r, c: INTEGER)
        -- Set field with row 'r' and column 'c' to empty.
    require
        r_valid: r >= 1 and r <= height
```

```
    c_valid: c >= 1 and c <= width
do
    put (Empty_char, r, c)
ensure
    field_set: item (r, c) = Empty_char
end

set_exit (r, c: INTEGER)
    -- Set field with row 'r' and column 'c' to exit.
require
    r_valid: r >= 1 and r <= height
    c_valid: c >= 1 and c <= width
do
    put (Exit_char, r, c)
ensure
    field_set: item (r, c) = Exit_char
end

set_wall (r, c: INTEGER)
    -- Set field with row 'r' and column 'c' to wall.
require
    r_valid: r >= 1 and r <= height
    c_valid: c >= 1 and c <= width
do
    put (Wall_char, r, c)
ensure
    field_set: item (r, c) = Wall_char
end

set_visited (r, c: INTEGER)
    -- Set field with row 'r' and column 'c' to visited.
require
    r_valid: r >= 1 and r <= height
    c_valid: c >= 1 and c <= width
do
    put (Visited_char, r, c)
ensure
    field_set: item (r, c) = Visited_char
end

feature -- Status report
is_valid (c: CHARACTER): BOOLEAN
    -- Is 'c' a valid character?
do
    Result := c = Empty_char or c = Wall_char or c = Exit_char
end

feature -- Path finding
path: STRING
    -- Sequence of instructions to find out of the maze.

path_exists: BOOLEAN
```

```
-- Does a path exist?

find_path (r, c: INTEGER)
  -- Find the path starting at row 'r' and column 'c'.
  require
    row_valid: 1 <= r and r <= height
    column_valid: 1 <= c and c <= width
  do
    if item (r, c) = Exit_char then
      path_exists := True
      path := ""
    elseif item (r, c) = Empty_char then
      set_visited (r, c)
      if (c - 1) > 0 and not path_exists then
        find_path (r, c - 1)
        if path_exists then
          path := "W > " + path
        end
      end
      if (r - 1) > 0 and not path_exists then
        find_path (r - 1, c)
        if path_exists then
          path := "N > " + path
        end
      end
      if (c + 1) <= width and not path_exists then
        find_path (r, c + 1)
        if path_exists then
          path := "E > " + path
        end
      end
      if (r + 1) <= height and not path_exists then
        find_path (r + 1, c)
        if path_exists then
          path := "S > " + path
        end
      end
      set_empty (r, c)
    end
  ensure
    path_exists_consistent: path_exists = (path /= Void)
  end

feature -- Output
  out: STRING
  -- Output
  local
    i, j: INTEGER
  do
    from
      i := 1
      j := 1
```

```
    Result := ""
  until
    i > height
  loop
    from
      j := 1
    until
      j > width
    loop
      Result.append_character (item (i, j))
      j := j + 1
    end
    i := i + 1
    Result := Result + "%N"
  end
end
end
```

Listing 4: Class *APPLICATION*

```
class
  MAZE_APPLICATION

create
  make

feature -- Initialization
  make
  -- Run application.
  local
    mr: MAZE_READER
    maze: MAZE
    start_row, start_column: INTEGER
  do
    create mr
    Io.put_string ("Please enter the name of a maze file: ")
    Io.read_line
    mr.read_maze (Io.last_string)
    if mr.has_error then
      Io.put_string (mr.error_message)
    else
      maze := mr.last_maze
      Io.put_string ("%N" + maze.out + "%N")

      Io.put_string ("Please enter a starting field for finding a path.%N")
      from
      until
        start_row /= 0
      loop
        Io.put_string ("Row: ")
        Io.read_integer
        if Io.last_integer > 0 and Io.last_integer <= maze.height then
```

```
        start_row := Io.last_integer
    else
        Io.put_string ("Invalid row. Please try again%N")
    end
end
from
until
    start_column /= 0
loop
    Io.put_string ("Column: ")
    Io.read_integer
    if Io.last_integer > 0 and Io.last_integer <= maze.width then
        start_column := Io.last_integer
    else
        Io.put_string ("Invalid column. Please try again%N")
    end
end
maze.find_path (start_row, start_column)
if maze.path_exists then
    Io.put_string ("There's a way out! Go " + maze.path.out + "You're free!%N"
    )
else
    Io.put_string ("Oops, no way out! You're trapped!%N")
end
end
end
end -- class APPLICATION
```